# ACCOUNTS 2021-2022

# ANNUAL REPORT

## **ECONO TRADE (INDIA) LIMITED**





## ECONO TRADE (INDIA)LIMITED

CIN : L51109WB1982PLC035466

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mrs. Shekh Hasina Kasambhai, Managing Director Mr. Irfan Ahmedbhai Belim Mr. Solanki Ashwinbhai Naranbhai Mrs. Jyoti Sureshbhai Kantariya

CHIEF FINANCIALOFFICER Mr. Navinchandra Amratlal Kothari **COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER** Mr. Siddharth Sharma

STATUTORY AUDITORS HSK & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants SECRETARIAL AUDITORS Prateek Kohli & Associates Practicing Company Secretaries

BANKERS DCB BANK IDBI BANK ICICI BANK

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

16/1A, Abdul Hamid Street, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Room No. 5E, Kolkata – 700 069 Phone: 78905-18016 E-mail:<u>etil2011@gmail.com, Support@econo.in</u> Website: <u>www.econo.in</u>

#### **REGISTRARS & SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS**

Niche Technologies Pvt. Ltd. CIN: U74140WB1994PTC062636 3A, Auckland Place 7th Floor, Room No. 7A & 7B, Kolkata 700 017 Phone: (033) 2280 6616 / 17 / 18 Fax: (033) 2280 6619, E-mail: <u>nichetechpl@nichetechpl.com</u> Website: <u>https://www.nichetechpl.com</u>

#### 39<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Monday 26<sup>th</sup> September, 2022 at 12.30 P.M.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Notice</u> Directors' Report

Secretarial Audit Report

Statement of Profit & Loss

Cash Flow Statement

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Thirty Nineth Annual General Meeting of the members of M/s **Econo Trade (India) Limited** will be held on Monday the 26<sup>th</sup> September, 2022 at 12.30 PM through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM), totransact the following business:

#### **Ordinary Business**

## To Consider and if thought fit, pass with or without modification(s) the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions:

#### 1. Adoption of Audited Financial Statements

To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, including the audited Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on that date and the reports of the Board of Directors (the Board) and Auditors thereon.

#### **Special Business**

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolutions:

2. Appointment of Mr. Solanki Ashvinbhal Naranbhai, (DIN: 08385976) as a Non - Executive

#### Independent Director To pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150 & 152 read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and as per the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) **Mr. Solanki Ashvinbhal Naranbhai, (DIN: 08385976)**, and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director not liable to retire by rotation, be and is hereby appointed as an Non-Executive, Independent Director of the Company to hold office for five consecutive years from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of Annual General Meeting to be held on the financial year 2026-27".

**"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorized to take all necessary stepsto give effect to the above resolution."

#### 3. Approval for Related Party Transactions

#### To pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and the Company's policy on Related Party transaction(s), approval of Shareholders be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company to enter into contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) with **Econo Broking Pvt Ltd**., a related party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Act and Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the Listing Regulations, for providing loan facility, on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may deem fit, up to a maximum aggregate value of 25 Crore (Twenty Five Crores) for the financial year 2022-23 & 2023-24, provided that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) and the ordinary course of business of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorized to delegate all or any of the powers conferred on it by or under this resolution to any Committee of Directors of the Company and to do all acts and take such steps as may be considered necessary or expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolution."

#### 4. Approval for Related Party Transactions

#### To pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"**RESOLVED that** pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and the Company's policy on Related Party transaction(s), approval of Shareholders be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company to enter into contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) with **Sai Metaltech LLP**., a related party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Act and Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the Listing Regulations, for provding loan facility, on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may deem fit, up to a maximum aggregate value of 15 Crore (Fifteen Crores) for the financial year 2022-23 & 2023-24, provided that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) so carried out shall be at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers conferred on it by or under this resolution to any Committee of Directors of the Company and to do all acts and take such steps as may be considered necessary or expedient to give effect to the aforesaid resolution."

By Order of the Board For Econo Trade India Limited

> Shekh Hasina Kasambhai Managing Director

Registered Office: 16/1A, Abdul Hamid Street, Room No.5E, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Kolkata – 700 069 Date: 03.09.2022

#### NOTES:

- In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed and pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 all other relevant circulars issued from time to time, physical attendance of the Members to the EGM/AGM venue is not required and general meeting be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM.
- 2. Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this EGM/AGM. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorized representatives to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 3. The Members can join the EGM/AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the EGM/AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 05, 2020 and May 05, 2022 the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the EGM/AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-Voting system as well as venue voting on the date of the EGM/AGM will be provided by NSDL.
- 6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the EGM/AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at <u>www.econo.in</u>. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and Calcutta Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.cse-india.com respectively and the EGM/AGM Notice is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.
- EGM/AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, MCA Circular No. 20/2020 May 05, 2020, MCA Circular No. 2/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and MCA Circular No. 2/2022 dated May 05, 2022.

#### THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER: -

The remote e-voting period begins on September 23, 2022 at 09:00 A.M. and ends on September 25, 2022 at 05:00 P.M. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cut-off date) i.e September 19, 2022, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being September 19, 2022.

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

#### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	<ol> <li>Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e- Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>2. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u>. Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u></li> </ul>
	3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	<ul> <li>4. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.</li> <li>NSDL Mobile App is available on</li> <li>App Store</li> <li>Google Play</li> </ul>

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	<ol> <li>Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</u> or <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> and click on New System Myeasi.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</u></li> </ol>
	4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. <b>NSDL</b> where the e-Voting is in progress.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e- Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual	Shareholders	holding	securities	in (	demat	mode	for	any	technical	issues	related	to	login	through
Depository i.e. NS	DL and CDSL.													

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding	
securities in demat mode with NSDL	
	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL
	helpdesk by sending a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> or call at
	toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30
Individual Shareholders holding	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL
securities in demat mode with CDSL	helpdesk by sending a request at
	helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 or
	022-23058542-43

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

#### How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

- 1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- 2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- 3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.

Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/</u> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example, if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example, if your Beneficiary ID is 12************ then your user ID is 12*******
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example, if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

- 5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
  - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote.
  - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
  - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
    - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8-digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
    - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process for** those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.

- 6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
  - a) Click on "<u>Forgot User Details/Password?</u>"(If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
  - b) <u>Physical User Reset Password?</u>" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>.
  - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at <a href="mailto:evoting@nsdl.co.in">evoting@nsdl.co.in</a> mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
  - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
- 7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- 9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

#### Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

#### How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

- 1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.
- Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join Meeting".
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- 5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- 6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

#### General Guidelines for shareholders

Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to <u>cspkohli@gmail.com</u> with a copy marked to <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u>. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.

2. Any person holding shares in physical form and non-individual shareholders, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after the notice is send through e-mail and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. September 19<sup>th</sup>, 2022, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or Issuer/RTA. However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting, then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details/Password" or "Physical User Reset Password" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no. 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30. In case of Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of

the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. September 19<sup>th</sup>, 2022 may follow steps mentioned in the Notice of the AGM under Step 1:"Access to NSDL e-Voting system" (Above).

- 3. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 4. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Senior Manager at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u>

## Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- 1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to etil2011@gmail.com.
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to etil2011@gmail.com If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- 3. Alternatively, shareholder/members may send a request to <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

#### THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE EGM/AGM ARE AS UNDER: -

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
- 2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the EGM/AGM.
- 3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the EGM/AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the EGM/AGM.
- 4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE EGM/AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join Meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
- 2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.

- 3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker may send their request mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at etil2011@gmail.com latest by 05:00 p.m. (IST) on Monday, 19<sup>th</sup> day of September 2022.
- 6. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at at etil2011@gmail.com latest by 05:00 p.m. (IST) on Monday, 19<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2022.The same will be replied by the company suitably.
- 7. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 8. When a pre-registered speaker is invited to speak at the meeting but he / she does not respond, the next speaker will be invited to speak. Accordingly, all speakers are requested to get connected to a device with a video/ camera along with good internet speed.
- 9. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and number of speakers, as appropriate, for smooth conduct of the AGM.
- 10. Members who need assistance before or during the AGM, can contact Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Senior Manager, NSDL at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call 1800 1020 990 / 1800 22 44 30.

**EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THECOMPANIES ACT, 2013** 

#### Item No.2

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150 & 152 read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and as per the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment thereof for the time being in force) **Mr. Solanki Ashvinbhal Naranbhai, (DIN: 08385976)**, and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director not liable to retire by rotation, be and is hereby appointed as an Non-Executive, Independent Director of the Company to hold office for five consecutive years from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of Annual General Meeting to be held on the financial year 2026-27."

#### Item No.3

"**RESOLVED** that pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and the Company's policy on Related Party transaction(s), approval of Shareholders be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company to enter into contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) with **Econo Broking Pvt Ltd**., a related party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Act and Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the Listing Regulations, for providing loan facility, on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may deem fit, up to a maximum aggregate value of 25 Crore (Twenty Five Crores) for the financial year 2022-23 & 2023-24, provided that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) so carried out shall be at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company.

#### Item No.4

"**RESOLVED that** pursuant to the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, read with Rule 15 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, as amended till date, Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and the Company's policy on Related Party transaction(s), approval of Shareholders be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company to enter into contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) with **Sai Metaltech LLP**., a related party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Act and Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the Listing Regulations, for provding loan facility, on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors may deem fit, up to a maximum aggregate value of 15 Crore (Fifteen Crores) for the financial year 2022-23 & 2023-24, provided that the said contract(s)/ arrangement(s)/ transaction(s) so carried out shall be at arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Company.

Date: 03.09.2022 Place: Kolkata

> For Econo Trade (India) Limited Sd/-Shekh Hasina Kasambhai Managing Director

#### DIRECTORS REPORT TO THE SHARE HOLDERS

Your directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited Balance sheet as at March 31<sup>st</sup> 2022 and Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended on that date.

#### **Financial Results**

S.	Particulars	2021-2022	2020-2021
No.			
1.	Profit before Taxation and Provision for Standard Assets	103.73	99.27
2.	Less: Provision for Standard Asset	-	-
3	Profit Before Taxation	103.73	99.27
4	Less: Provision for Income Tax	28.00	28.00
5	Add: Deferred Tax Assets	-	-
6	Profit/Loss After tax	74.87	71.28
7	Less: Statutory Reserve	14.95	14.26
8	Profit after transfer to Statutory Reserve	59.92	57.07

#### **Share Capital**

The paid-up share capital of the company is  $\overline{\mathsf{x}}$ . 186695750 as on March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022. During the year i.e. April 1<sup>st</sup> 2021 to March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022 there were no changes during the said period.

#### Dividend

In view of inadequate profit, Company has not declared any dividend.

#### **Transfer to Reserve**

During the Financial Year ended March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022, the Company has transferred a sum of ₹. 14.95 Lakh towards reserve under Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934.

#### Change in the nature of the business

During the year under review, there was no change in the nature of the business of the Company

#### **Company's Performance**

Revenue from Operation for financial Year 2021-2022 at ₹ 322.09 Lakhs Profit before Tax for Financial Year 2020-2021 ₹. 214.16 and profit after tax is ₹. 74.87 Lakhs

#### **Fixed Deposits**

We have not accepted any Fixed Deposits and as Such no amount of Principle or Interest was outstanding as of Balance sheet date.

#### **Management Discussion and Analysis Report**

In terms of provisions of Regulation 34 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, the Management discussion and Analysis is set out in this Annual Report.

#### Listing with Stock Exchanges

The Company confirms that it has paid the Annual Listing Fees for the year 2021-2022 to **(BSE Scrip Code: 538708)** where the Company's share is listed.

#### **Dematerialization of shares**

85.94% of the Company's paid up Equity share Capital is in dematerialized form as on 31/03/2022 and the balance are in physical form. The Company's registrar is M/s Niche Technologies Private Limited having their registered office at 3A, Auckland Place, 7<sup>th</sup> Floor, Room No. 7A & 7B, Kolkata-700017.

#### **Number of Board Meetings Held**

The Board of Directors duly met four times during the financial year from April 1<sup>st</sup> 2021 to March 31<sup>st</sup> 2022. The maximum Interval between any two meetings did not exceed 120 days as prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Directors

Pursuant to Sections 196, 197 and 203 read with schedule V and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, has resigned from the Mr. Panchal Nrupesh Kirtikumar directorship of the Company.

#### **Directors and KMP**

There is no retirement by rotation of any Directors and KMP during the year.

#### Significant and Material Orders

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

#### **Board Evaluation**

The Board carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the individual Directors as well as the working of the Committees of the Board. The performance evaluation of Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance of the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by Independent Directors. Details of the same are given in the report on the Corporate Governance annexed to this report.

#### Internal Financial Control and its adequacy

The Board has adopted policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Companies policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial disclosures.

#### **Subsidiaries and Associates**

There company has no Subsidiary as on 31.03.2022. There are no associate or joint venture companies within the meaning of Section 2 (6) of the companies Act 2013.

#### **Declaration by Independent Directors**

The Company has received necessary declaration from each independent director under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 that he/she meets the criteria of Independence laid down in Section 149 (60 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of SEBI (Listing obligation and Disclosure requirements) Regulations 2015.

#### **Directors Responsibility Statement**

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 Director of your company hereby state and confirm that: -

- a) In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- **b)** They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of financial year and of the Loss of the Company for the same period;
- c) The directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) They have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e) They have laid down internal financial controls in the company that are adequate are were operating effectively;
- f) They have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and these are adequate and are operating effectively.
- g)

#### Remuneration to the Directors/KMP

SL. No.	Names	Designation	Remuneration in 2021 - 2022	Remuneration in 2020 - 2021
1	Mrs. Shekh Hasina Kasambhai	Managing Director	3.60	3.60
2	Mr. Siddharth Sharma	Company Secretary	1.08	0.84
3	Navinchandra Kothari	CFO	3.00	-

#### Managerial Remuneration and Particular of Employees

The Information required pursuant to Section 197 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Remuneration) Rules 2014 in respect of the employees of the Company are given in annexure -1 forming part of this report.

#### **Extracts of Annual Return**

The details forming part of the Extract of the Annual Return in form MGT-9 is available on companies website

#### Auditors:

#### Statutory Auditors: -

At the Annual General Meeting held on September 23, 2019 the Auditors M/s. Harshad Sudhir and Co. Chartered Accountants, Ahmedabad were appointed as Auditor of the Company to hold office till the conclusion of the Fortieth (40<sup>th</sup>) Annual General Meeting of the Company

M/s. H S K & Co. Chartered Accountants, Ahmedabad., (Firm Registration No. 117014W) be and is hereby appointed as a Statutory Auditors of the Company in place of M/s. Harshad Sudhir and Co. Chartered Accountants to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 42nd Annual General Meeting of the Company, subject to the ratification as to the said appointment at every Annual General Meeting, at a remuneration as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Company apart from reimbursement of out of pocket expenses as may be incurred by them. for the purpose of the Audit in consultation with the said Auditor."

#### Secretarial Auditor: -

Mr. Prateek Kohli& Associates, Kolkata, practicing Company Secretary was appointed to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Year 2021-2022 forms part of Annual report.

#### Auditors' Certificate on Corporate Governance: -

As required by SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 the auditors' certificate on corporate governance is enclosed as Annexure to the Board Report.

#### **Audit Observations**

Auditors' observation is suitably explained in notes to the Accounts and are self-explanatory.

#### **Corporate Governance**

Pursuant to Regulation 34 of the listing Regulation read with Schedule V to the said regulations, a compliance report on Corporate Governance has been annexed as part of Annual report along with Auditor's Certificate.

#### Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

Information required under Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is not applicable to the Company.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

In terms of Section 135 and Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, the CSR is not applicable for the Company.

#### Vigil Mechanism

In pursuant to the provisions of Section 177(9) & (10) of the Companies Act, 2013 a vigil Mechanism for Directors and Employee to report genuine concerns has been established.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

Relate Party Transactions that were entered during the financial year. Therefore, the requirement of Form AOC-2 is attached annexure-2

#### Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments

Loans, Investments are done as per Companies Act, 2013, though company is NBFC its main activity is providing Loans repayable on demand and Investing in Shares, Securities. Therefore, disclosed in Notes to Accounts.

#### **Listing Agreement**

The Securities and Exchange Board of India on September 2, 2015 issued SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements Regulations, 2015 with the aim to consolidate and streamline the provisions of the Listing Agreement for different segments of Capital Market to ensure better enforceability, the said regulation was effective from December 01, 2015. Accordingly, all listed entities were required to enter into the Listing Agreement with in Six Months from the effective Date. The Company entered into listing agreement with the Calcutta Stock Exchange and Bombay Stock Exchange on February 2017.

#### **Registrar and Share Transfer Agent**

M/s Niche Technologies Private Limited is Company's Registrars and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) as common agency both for physical and demat shares, as required under the Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956. The contact details of RTA forms part of the Corporate Governance Report.

#### Disclosure under Sexual Harassment of Women at Work Place (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

Your company is committed to creating and maintaining a secure work environment where its employee, customers, Vendors etc

can work and pursue business together in an atmosphere free of Harassment, exploitation and intimidation. To empower women and protect woman against Sexual harassment, a policy for prevention of Sexual harassment has been rolled out. The policy allows employees to report sexual harassment at the work place.

#### Disclosure under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

During the year under review, neither any application was made nor any proceeding is pending against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

#### Details of difference between amount of the valuation:

There was no one time settlement by the Company with the Banks or Financial Institutions during the year under review, thus, the details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof are not applicable.

#### **Green Initiative**

As part of green initiative, the electronic copies of this Annual Report including the Notice of the 39th AGM are sent to all members whose email addresses are registered with the Company / Registrar / Depository Participant(s). As per SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated 12th May, 2020 the requirement of sending physical copies of annual report to those shareholders who have not registered their email addresses was dispensed with for Listed Entities who conducted their AGMs during the calendar year 2020. The same has been implemented for Listed Entities who conducted their AGMs during the calendar year 2020. The same has been implemented for Listed Entities who conducted their AGMs during the calendar year 2021 vide SEBI Circular dated 15th January, 2021 and further during the calendar year 2022 vide SEBI Circular dated 13th May, 2022. In this respect the physical copies are not being sent to the shareholders. The copy of the same would be available on the website: http://econo.in/. The initiatives were taken for asking the shareholders to register or update their email addresses. The Company is providing e-voting facility to all its Members to enable them to cast their votes electronically on all resolutions set forth in the Notice. This is pursuant to Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014. The instructions for e-voting are provided in the Notice.

#### Acknowledgement

Directors deeply acknowledge the trust and confidence you have placed in the company. Director would also like to thank all its Banker, Customer, Vendors and Shareholders for their continued support to the Company. In specific, the Board would also record its sincere appreciation of the Commitment and Contribution made by all employees of the Company.

**Place: Kolkata** 

Date: 30.05.2022

**BY ORDER OF THE BOARD** 

Shekh Hasina Kasambhai Managing Director (DIN No.- 07733184)

#### ANNEXURE -1

Statement of Disclosure of Remuneration under Section 197 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of the Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

A. Ratio of remuneration to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the F.Y. 2011-2022 as well as the percentage increase in remuneration of each director, chief financial officer and company secretary is as under: -

Name of the Director	Ratio to Median Remuneration	% Change in Remuneration over previous Year
Company Secretary		
Siddharth Sharma	Nil	29.00%
Managing Director		
Shekh Hasina Kasambhai	Nil	Nil
Navinchandra Kothari	Nil	100.00%

#### B. Number of Permanent Employees- 2

#### C. Explanation on the relationship between average Increase in remuneration and Company Performance

The Compensation and Benefits philosophy of the Company defines that employee remuneration is to be aligned with performance of the Company and individual's contribution in achieving company's goal for the Year. It does mean that Post annual performance process; individual employee's remuneration is revised, taking into account performance of the Company and of the individual employee. At the beginning of the Year, Business goals are decided and cascaded down to various businesses and functions. While effecting revision in remuneration, factors like internal and external parity, market competitiveness, company's overall business strategy are also taken into account.

D. Comparison of the remuneration of the KMP against Performance of the Company: NIL

E. Comparison of average Percentage increase in salary of Employees other than Managerial Personnel: NIL

F. Comparison of Remuneration of Each of the KMP against performance of the Company: NIL

G. The ratio of the remuneration of the highest paid Director to that of employee who are not directors but receive remuneration in excess of the highest paid director during the Year: NIL

#### **H** Affirmation

It is affirmed that remuneration paid to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees is as per the Remuneration policy of the Company.

Place: Kolkata Date: 30.05.2022

#### **BY ORDER OF THE BOARD**

Shekh Hasina Kasambhai Managing Director (DIN No.-07733184)

#### Independent Auditor's Certificate on Corporate Governance

#### To the Members of Econo Trade (India) Limited

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Econo Trade India Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 31st March 2022, as stipulated in Regulation 17 to 27, 46(2) (b) to (i), Schedule II and V (paragraphs C, D and E) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") as amended from time to time. We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of certifications.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementations thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and the representations made by the directors and the management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above mentioned Listing Regulations.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Prateek Kohli & Associates (Company Secretaries)

Shristi Garg (Partner) (C.P. No.- 17447) UDIN: F011577D000849854

Place:Kolkata Date:30.05.2022

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members ECONO TRADE (INDIA) LTD. CIN L51109WB1982PLC035466

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Econo Trade (India) Ltd. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31 March 2020 ('Audit Period') complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board- processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31 March 2022 according to the provisions of:

- $(i)\;$  The Companies Act, 2013, as applicable, and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- $(\mathrm{iii})$  The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (iv) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993

We have relied on the representation made by the Company and its officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company for compliance under other applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations. The List of major head/groups of Acts, Laws and Regulations as applicable to the Company inter-alia includes:

• The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and the regulations made there under.

We have also examined the compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- i. The uniform Listing Agreements entered into by the Company, with The BSE Limited & The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited.
- ii. The Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- iii. The Secretarial Standards (SS 1 and SS 2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

#### We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and a Woman Director. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate Notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board/Committee Meetings for which proper procedures as laid under the Act and Standards were followed. Information and circulation of the agenda with detailed information thereof, convening of meetings was done in compliance with the applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines, etc. A system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meetings.

Resolutions were carried through majority decision. The minutes of the meetings held during the audit period did not reveal any dissenting members' views.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, Rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the period under review we have not come acrosswith any events having major bearing on the affairs of the company.

For Prateek Kohli & Associates (Company Secretaries)

Shristi Garg (Partner) (C.P. No.- 17447) UDIN:F011577D000431898

Place:Kolkata Date:30.05.2022

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

'ANNEXURE A'

To, The Members ECONO TRADE (INDIA) LTD. CIN – L51109WB1982PLC035466

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.

2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.

4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Prateek Kohli & Associates (Company Secretaries)

Shristi Garg (Partner) (C.P. No.- 17447) UDIN:F011577D000431898

Place:Kolkata Date:30.05.2022

#### Certificate of Non-Disqualification of Directors

## (Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and schedule V Para C Clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing obligations and disclosure Requirements ) Regulations, 2015)

To The members Econo Trade (India) Limited

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosure received from the directors of ECONO TRADE (INDIA) LTD (herein after referred to as "the Company") having CIN L51109WB1982PLC035466, produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this certificate. In accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with schedule V Para – C Sub Clause 10(i) of the Securities exchange of India (Listing obligations and disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. as amended from time to time.

In our opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in ) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ending on 31st March, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.:

<u>Sr.No.</u>	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1.	SHEKH HASINA KASAMBHAI	<u>07733184</u>	21/07/2018
2.	IRFAN AHMEDBHAI BELIM	<u>08010290</u>	26/12/2017
3.	SOLANKI ASHVINBHAI NARANBHAI	<u>08385976</u>	16/10/2021
4.	JYOTI SURESHBHAI KANTARIYA	<u>08385987</u>	23/09/2019

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment /continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Prateek Kohli & Associates (Company Secretaries)

Shristi Garg (Partner) (C.P. No.- 17447) UDIN: F011577D000849568

Place:Kolkata Date:30.05.2022

#### FORM AOC -2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto 1.Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis,

During the year under review, the contracts or arrangements with related party were done at arm's length basis.

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

Name of related party	Econo Briking Private Limited	Sai Metaltech LLP		
Nature of relationship	KMP of this LLP is exercising	KMP of this Company is exercising		
	signficant influence over Company	signficant influence over Company		
Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Loans and Advance	Loans and Advance		
Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	12 MONTHS			
Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any	30.06.2021			
Amount paid as advances, if any	NIL	NIL		
Loan Outsanding as on 31.03.2022	293.00 Lakh	366.00 Lakh		
Directors Remuneration:				
Shekh hasina kasambhai		3.6 Lakh		
Irfan ahmedbhai belim	-			
Solanki ashvinbhai naranbhai	-			
Jyoti sureshbhai kantariya	-			
Siddarth sharma (cs, kmp)	1.08 Lakh			
Navin chandra kothari (cfo, kmp)		3.00 Lakh		

Note: All the transactions referred above are in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length basis.

#### Certification by Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Econo Trade (India) Ltd

## We, Kasambhai Umarbhai Shekh, Managing Director and Navinchandra Amratlal Kothari, Chief Financial Officer of M/s Econo Trade (India) Limited, to the best of our knowledge and belief, certify that:

- a) We have reviewed the Financial Statements and Cash Flow Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 and to the best of our knowledge and belief:
  - (i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements might be misleading;
  - (ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with the

existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations

- b) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transaction entered into by the Company during the Year which are fraudulent, illegal or violate of the Company's code of conduct.
- c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal control for the financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the company and we have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- d) We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
  - (i) Significant Changes in Internal Control during the Year;
- e) Significant Changes in accounting policies during the year and the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements;
- f) Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the company's internal control.

Place: Kolkata	Shekh Hasina Kasambhai	Navinchandra Amratlal
Kothari Date: 30.05.2022	Managing Director	Chief Financial Officer

#### **REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

#### A. Company's Philosophy

The Company's policies, practices and philosophy adopted since inception are in line with Corporate Governance. These policies, practices are required periodically to ensure its effective compliance. The Composition of Board of Directors is well balanced with a view to manage the affairs of the Company efficiently and professionally.

Your Company is committed to all its Customers, Suppliers, Employees, Banks and financial institutions, government agencies and statutory authorities which are directly or indirectly concerned with the Company.

#### **B. Board of Directors**

As on 31st March, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors consist of 5 (Five) members. The Board of Directors of the Company has an optimum combination of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors who have in depth knowledge of the business.

#### (i) Composition and category as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022

Category	No. of Directors	%
Non-Executive and Independent Directors	3	75
Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director	0	0
Whole-time Director	0	0
Managing Director	1	25
Total	4	100%

#### (ii) Particulars of Directorship of other Companies

Name and Designation of Director	Name of the Company	Position
Mr. Shekh Hasina Kasambhai	Robert Resources Limited	Director
Mr. Irfan Ahmedbhai Belim	N.A.	-
Mr. Solanki Ashvinbhai Naranbhai	Robert Resources Limited	Director
Mrs. Jyoti Sureshbhai Kantariya	Robert Resources Limited	Director

#### C) Meetings and Attendance

The Meeting of the Board are generally held at the registered office. During the year under review, five Board meetings were held on during the financial year from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2021 to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022. The dates on which meetings were held are as follows: 30.06.2021, 14.08.2021, 16.10.2021, 12.11.2021 and 14.02.2022

#### D) Board Agenda

The Board meeting are scheduled well in time and Board members are given a notice of more than Seven days before the meeting date except in case of emergent meeting. The Board members are provided with well-structured and comprehensive agenda papers.

#### **E) Independent Directors**

The Company has complied with the definitions of Independence as per regulation 27 as per Securities and exchange Board of India Regulation and according to the Provisions of Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### F) Independent Directors Meetings

During the Year under review, the Independent Director Met on 16.10.2021, inter alia to Discuss: -

- Evaluation of the Performance of the Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a Whole;
- Evaluation of the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of Executive and Non-Executive Directors
- Evaluation of the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties effectively.

G)	Shareholding	of Directors
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Names	No. of Shares held
Kasambhai Umarbhai Shekh	1416500
Shekh Hasina Kasambhai	1416500
Panchal Nrupesh Kirtikumar	NIL
Irfan Ahmedbhai Belim	NIL
Jyoti Sureshbhai Kantariya	NIL
Solanki Ashvinbhai Naranbhai	NIL

#### H) General Body Meetings

#### Location and time where last three Annual General Meetings were held:

FY	Date	Venue	Time	Special Resolutions Passed
2020-21	28.09.2021	Regsitered Office (VC)	12.00 P.M	Yes
2019-20	28.09.2020	Regsitered Office (VC)	11.00 P.M	Yes
2018-19	23.09.2019	Bharatiya Bhasha Parishad 36-A, Shakespeare Sarani, Kolkata – 700017	02.00 P.M	Yes

a. Details of Extra-ordinary General Meeting held during the year- No EGM has been conducted by the company.

b. Details of Special Resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot- No

#### I) Disclosures

There are no materially significant transactions with the related parties viz. promoters, directors, relatives, the management, subsidiaries etc., that may have a potential conflict with the interest of the company at large.

There has been some delay in certain compliances which has been regularize by the Company for which necessary payments levied by the BSE has been made.

#### J) Means of Communication

The Company regularly interacts with the shareholders through multiple channels of communication such as publication of results on quarterly, half yearly basis and yearly basis. The results are not sent individually to Shareholders.

The company has developed its website. All information relating to shareholder and public at large can be viewed by logging into the Website.

#### K) Code of Conduct

The Company has laid down the code of conduct for its directors. The object of the code is to conduct the company's business ethically and with responsibility, integrity, fairness, transparency and honesty.

#### L) Registrar and Transfer Agents and Share Transfer System

M/s Niche Technologies Pvt Ltd is your Company's Share Transfer Agent. Share transfer in physical form and other communications regarding shares, Change of Address etc. may be addressed to:

#### M/s Niche Technologies Pvt Ltd

3A, Auckland Place, 7th Floor, Room No. 7A & 7B, Kolkata-700017.

Phone: - 033-2280-6616/17/18

Email Id: - nichetechpl@nichetechpl.com

Trading in Equity shares of the Company is permitted as demat as well as physical form. Shares sent for transfer in physical form are registered and returned with in a period of 30 Days from the date of receipt of the documents, provided the documents are valid and complete in all respects. With a view to expediting the process of share transfers, Mr. Siddharth Sharma, Company Secretary of the company is hereby appointed to approve transfer of equity shares and the same shall be ratified in the next meeting of shareholders/ Investors Grievance Committee meets as and when required to consider the other transfer, transmission of shares etc. and to attend shareholder Grievance.

#### M) Distribution of Shareholding DISTRIBUTION OF EQUITY SHARES AS ON: 31/03/2022 Distribution of Holding (NO. OF SHARES)

Srl	NO. O	FS	HARES	No. of Holders	% to Total	Total Shares	% to Total
1.	1		500	1640	69.6983	1,98,426	1.0628
2.	501	-	1,000	194	8.2448	1,64,593	0.8816
З.	1,001	-	5,000	304	12.9197	7,97,175	4.2699
4.	5,001	-	10,000	63	2.6774	4,81,929	2.5814
5.	10,001	-	50,000	105	4.4624	24,28,828	13.0096
6.	50,001	-	1,00,000	12	0.5100	9,14,523	4.8985
7.	1,00,001	-	And Above	35	1.4875	1,36,84,101	73.2963
	т	ota	ls	2353	100.0000	1,86,69,575	100.0000

## N) Details of Shareholding as on March 31, 2020 was as under: - SHAREHOLDING PATTERN

Cate	egory of Shareholders	No. of Sha year	ares held at the beginning of the			No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Change during the year
		Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
Α.	PROMOTERS				_					
(1)	Indian				_					
	a) Individual / HUF	2833000	0	2833000	15.174	2833000	0	2833000	15.174	0.000
	b) Central Government									
	c) State Government									
	d) Bodies Corporate	772075	0	772075	4.135	1206063	0	1206063	6.460	2.325
	e) Banks / Financial Institutions									
	f) Any Other									
	Sub-total (A)(1)	3605075	0	3605075	19.310	4039063	0	4039063	21.634	2.324
(2)	Foreign									
	a) NRIs - Individuals									
	b) Other - Individuals									
	c) Bodies Corporate									

Eco	ono Trade (India) I	Limited		1	1	1		1	1	1
	d) Banks / Financial Institutions									
	e) Any Other									
	Sub-total (A)(2)	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
	Total Shareholding of Promoter (A) =									
	(A)(1)+(A)(2)	3605075	0	3605075	19.310	4039063	0	4039063	21.634	2.324
В.	PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING									
(1)	Institutions									
	a) Mutual Funds									
	b) Banks / Financial Institutions									
	c) Central Governments									
	d) State Governments									
	e) Venture Capital Funds									
	f) Insurance Companies									
	g) Foreign Institutional									
	Investors (FII) h) Foreign Venture									
	Capital Funds									
	i) Others (Specify)	0		0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
$(\mathbf{a})$	Sub-total (B)(1)	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000	0.000
(2)	Non-Institutions									
	a) Bodies Corporate i) Indian	6004006	2000500	0102726	42.407	4215000	2000500	6214500	22.022	0.592
	i) Indian ii) Overseas	6004226	2099500	8103726	43.406	4215099	2099500	6314599	33.823	-9.583
	b) Individuals									
	i) Individuals i) Individual shareholders holding	1304484	167558	1472042	7.885	1322888	167558	1490446	7.983	0.098
	nominal share capital upto Rs 1 lakh									
	ii) Individual	5110572	357500	5468072	29.289	6460829	357500	6818329	36.521	7.232
	shareholders holding nominal share	5110572	557500	5 100072	27.207	0100027	557500	0010527	50.521	,
	capital in excess of Rs 1 1									
	c) Others Specify						1			
	1. NRI	17348	0	17348	0.093	1748	0	1748	0.009	-0.084
	2. Overseas Corporate Bodies									
	3. Foreign Nationals									
	4. Clearing Members	3312	0	3312	0.018	5390	0	5390	0.029	0.011
	5. Trusts									
	6. Foreign Bodies - D.R.									
	Sub-total (B)(2)	12439942	2624558	15064500	80.690	12005954	2624558	14630512	78.366	-2.324
	Total Public Shareholding (B) =(B)(1)+(B)(2)	12439942	2624558	15064500	80.690	12005954	2624558	14630512	78.366	-2.324
C.	Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GRAND TOTAL (A+B+C)	16045017	2624558	18669575	100.000	16045017	2624558	18669575	100.000	0.000

#### O) Listing with Stock Exchange

The Equity shares of the Company are currently listed for trading under Group **XD** of the BSE Limited. Company confirms that it has paid listing Fees to BSE for the Year 2021-22 Market Price data

Month	Open	High	Low	Close
Apr 21	3.5	3.55	2.42	2.45
May 21	2.45	3.38	2.45	3.38
Jun 21	3.44	5.9	3.44	4.88
Jul 21	4.66	6.25	4.53	5.56
Aug 21	5.29	5.35	3.9	4.75
Sep 21	5	5.22	4.12	4.25
Oct 21	4.25	5.85	3.83	5.6
Nov 21	5.7	11.09	5.7	8.12
Dec 21	8.12	9.15	7	8.1
Jan 22	8.5	11.85	7.18	11.85
Feb 22	12.35	13.7	8.55	8.55
Mar 22	8.94	10.6	7.94	7.94

P) General Shareholder Information Annual General Meeting: (through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means

(OAVM))	
Date	26.09.2022
Time	12.30 P M
Financial Year	2021-2022
Book Closure Date	20 <sup>th</sup> September 2022 to 26 <sup>th</sup> September 2020
Listing on Stock Exchange	CSE LTD. & BSE LTD.
ISIN No.	INE937K01014

#### Q) Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle blower Policy

In accordance with the requirements of section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 22 of the Listing Regulations, 2015, the Company has formulated a "vigil Mechanism/ Whistle Blower Policy" which provides an avenue to the Directors and employees of the Company to directly report, their genuine concerns including unethical behavior and violation of code of conduct, to the chairman of the Audit Committee.

No person has been denied access to the chairman of the Audit committee of the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### **R)** Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The shareholder'/Investors' Grievance Committee of the Board has been constituted to look into complaints like transfer of shares, Nonreceipt of Dividend etc. The committee is headed by Mr. Irfan Ahmedbhai Belim as Chairman, and Mrs. Shekh Hasina Kasambhai and Mr. Panchal Nrupesh Kirtikumar. Mrs. Jyoti Sureshbhai Kantariya and Mr. Solanki Ashvinbhai Naranbhai. Five meetings of the committee were held during the year ended 30.06.2021, 14.08.2021, 16.10.2021, 12.11.2021 and 14.02.2022 No compliant had been received during the year.

#### S) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee assists the Board in its responsibility for overseeing the quality and integrity of accounting, auditing and reporting practice of the company and its compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. The Committee's purpose is to oversee the accounting and financial reporting process of the company, the audit of the Company's Financial Statements, the appointments of Auditor, Independent Performance and remuneration of the Statutory Auditors.

During the year under review, five meetings of the committee were held during the year ended 30.06.2021, 14.08.2021, 16.10.2021, 02.11.2021 and 14.02.2022, The composition of the committee and attendance at its meeting is given below:

Name of Director	Category	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Irfan Ahmedbhai Belim	Chairman**	5	5
Mrs. Shekh Hasina Kasambhai	Member	5	5
Mr.Panchal Nrupesh Kirtikumar	Member	2	2
Mrs. Jyoti Sureshbhai Kantariya	Member	5	5
Mr. Solanki Ashvinbhai Naranbhai	Member	3	3

#### T) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Committee shall identify the persons who are qualified to became Directors of the Company/ who may be appointed in Senior management in accordance with the Criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal and also shall carry out evaluation of every director's performance. Committee shall also formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independent of the Directors and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration, Key Managerial personnel and other employees.

The Nomination and Remuneration committee of the Company consist of three Directors.

#### No. of commitee Meeting

During the year the Committee had four Five Meeting i.e on 30.06.2021, 14.08.2021, 16.10.2021, 12.11.2021 and 14.02.2022 Name, Composition and attendance during the Financial Year 2021-22

Name of Director	Category	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Irfan Ahmedbhai Belim	Chairman**	5	5
Mrs. Shekh Hasina Kasambhai	Member	5	5
Mr.Panchal Nrupesh Kirtikumar	Member	2	2
Mrs. Jyoti Sureshbhai Kantariya	Member	5	5
Mr. Solanki Ashvinbhai Naranbhai	Member	3	3

#### U) SEBI Complaints Redressal Systems (SCORES)

SEBI has initiated SCORES for processing the investor complaints in a centralized web-based redress system and online Redressal of all the shareholders complaints. The Company is in compliance with the Scores and redressed the shareholders complaints well within the stipulated time.

#### V) Address of Registered Office

16/1A Abdul Hamid Street, 5th floor, room no 5E. Kolkata-700069

#### X) Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit: -

As stipulated by SEBI, a qualified Practicing Company Secretary carries out the Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit to reconcile the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited and the total issued and paid up Capital. The audit is carried out every quarter and the report thereon are submitted to the Stock Exchange and is placed before the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### Y) Corporate Identity Number

Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company, allotted by the Ministry of Corporate affairs, Government of India is L51109WB1982PLC035466

#### Z) Green Initiative in the Corporate Governance

As part of the Green Initiative process, the Company has taken an initiative of Sending Documents like Notice calling of Annual General Meeting, Corporate Governance report, Directors Report, audited financial Statements, Auditor's Report etc. Physical Copies are sent only to those shareholders whose email address is not registered with the Company. Shareholders are requested to register their email id with the registrar and share transfer Agent/Concerned Depository to enable the Company to send the Documents in electronic form or inform the Company in case they wish to receive the above documents in paper mode.

**Place: Kolkata** 

#### BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Date: 30.05.2022

Shekh Hasina Kasambhai Managing Director (DIN No. 07733184)

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Companies' main object is Non-Banking Finance activities. The market for this activity offers high potential for growth. The Company is giving Loan and Inter Corporate Deposit to the corporate client and is operating from Kolkata. There have been a number of causes behind growth of Indian Economy in last couple of years.

#### **Industrial Structure and Developments**

The domestic retail inflation continued to be moderate despite increase in global commodity prices. The Country is having normal monsoon as well which should help in keeping the food prices under control. A good monsoon will also boost the rural economy which in turn will enhance demand of various commodities. In view of lower inflation, RBI has reduced Repo rate. The Companies engaged in the financial sector will benefit from the lower rate of interest. The Company's core business is investment in shares and securities. During the year under review, capital market conditions were not conducive which have been reflected in the profitability of the Company.

#### **Opportunities and Threats**

The Company being a Non-Banking Financial Company is primarily engaged in the business of making investments in shares and securities. On account of stable Government and various financial reforms undertaken by the Government, the Stock Market is expected to remain bullish which is likely to enhance the value of listed share held by the Company.

In a volatile stock market, the Company is exposed to the risk of fluctuation in share prices. This however is not likely to affect the working of the Company as a major part of the investments are held on long term basis and temporary fluctuations of those shares in the stock market do not have much financial implication to the Company.

However, the company gives continuous effort to frequently examine the ups and downs of the market particularly taking into consideration that the Company being a small size NBFC and there are plenty of hindrances which may hamper its growth.

#### **Segment Wise Performance**

The Company being a Non-Banking Financial Company operates mainly under a single segment viz Investments in Shares and Securities.

#### **Risk and Concern**

The Company's business is very much dependent on Monetary and Financial Policies of the Government and RBI. Any slowdown of the economic growth or volatility in the global as well as domestic financial market could adversely affect the Company's business. The Management has to regularly monitor the changing market conditions. The business strategy needs to be examined and modified properly to meet the transformed situation.

#### Outlook

Earnings of the Company depend on the performance of the Companies where the Company has invested funds in equities. With better growth prospects continuing with a stable Government at the Centre who has been taking measures for several financial reforms, the economy is expected to grow faster, offering better environment for the industries to perform better. The Companies where the Company has invested its funds are expected to improve their performance. As a result, the Company hopes to generate higher income in the form of dividend, profit on shares, interest and other income in the current year. In view of this, barring unforeseen circumstances, the Company is expected to do well in the current year. However, the nature of capital market in which the Company operates is not predictable with certainty. Any Slowdown of the economic growth or volatility in global as well as domestic financial market could adversely affect the Company's business.

#### Discussion on Financial Performance with respect to Operational Performance

This section is covered in the Board's Report under the section of Financial Results and Operations.

#### Material Developments in Human Resources / Industrial Relations front including number of people employed

There is no Material Development in Human Resources front. The Company maintains harmonious relationship with its employees. The Company is having 2 persons employed currently.

#### **Cautionary Statement**

Certain statements under "Management Discussion & Analysis" describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may be forward looking statement within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Although the expectations are based on reasonable assumptions, the actual results could materially differ from those expressed or implied, since the Company's operations are influenced by many external and internal factors beyond the control of the Company. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward-looking statements, on the basis of any subsequent developments, information or events.

By order of the Board

Shekh Hasina Kasambhai Managing Director (DIN No. 07733184)

Place: - Kolkata Date: -30.05.2022

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members of Econo Trade (India) Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Econo Trade (India) Limited (the 'Company') which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31,2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income) Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act,2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended ('Ind AS'), and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31,2022, its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Information other than Financial Statements and Auditors Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the Other Information. The Other Information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Management Discussion & Analysis (but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon).

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and accounting principles generally accepted in India. The responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgement and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively or ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements:-

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting polices used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of subsection (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief are necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Statement of changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B" to this Report.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors Report in accordance with requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/provided by the Company to its Directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rule, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us :
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on the financial position of its Standalone financial statements– Refer Note 34 to the standalone financial statements;
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring the amounts, required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v.

(a) The company had not proposed any final dividend in the previous year, which was declared and paid by the Company during the year.

(b) The Company has not declared and paid any interim dividend during the year and until the date of this report.

(c) The Board of Directors of the Company have not proposed any final dividend for the year which is subject to approval of the members in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

#### For, H S K & CO LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 117014W/W100685

CA Sudhir S. Shah Partner M. No. 115947 UDIN: 22115947AJYAJJ7786

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 30th May, 2022

Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022:

I. a)

- (i) As the Company does not hold any property, plant and equipment, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(A) is not applicable.
- (ii) As the Company does not hold any intangible asset, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) As the Company does not hold any property, plant and equipment, reporting under clause 3(i)(b) is not applicable.
- c) As the Company does not hold any immovable property, reporting under clause 3(i)(c) is not applicable.
- d) As the Company does not hold any property, plant and equipment or intangible asset, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) is not applicable.

- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- II.
  - a) As the Company deals in the business of financial services, reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) is not applicable.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, at any point of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause (ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
  - III. According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not provided any guarantee or security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships and other parties, made investments in respect of which:
    - a) The Company is a Non-Banking Finance Company and its principal business is to give loans. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) is not applicable.
    - b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans are not prejudicial to the Company's interest;
    - c) In respect of loans granted or advances in the nature of loans provided by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has not been stipulated and in the absence of such schedule, we are unable to comment on the regularity of the repayments of principal amounts and payment of interest. (Refer reporting under clause ((iii)(f) below).
    - d) As the Company is not maintaining any schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest, we are unable to comment on clause 3(iii)(d) regarding overdue amount.
    - e) The Company is a Non-Banking Finance Company and its principal business is to give loans. Hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(e) is not applicable.
    - f) The Company has granted loans or advances in nature of loans which are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, as per details below:

Particulars	All parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of loans or advances in the	Rs. 38212.39	Nil	Rs. 31373.09
nature of loans which are repayable on demand or	Lakhs		Lakhs
without specifying any terms or period of			
repayment			
Percentage thereof to the total loans granted	100%	Nil	82.10%

- IV. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of making loans, investments, guarantees and security.
- V. According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public in accordance with the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- VI. According to information and explanations given to us, the maintenance of cost records has not been specified for the activities of the Company by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- VII. According to information and explanations given to us in respect of statutory dues and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records :
  - a) The Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods & Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Cess and any other material statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of Sales Tax, Service Tax, Goods & Service Tax and Customs Duty which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. However, according to information and explanations given to us, the following dues of Income Tax have not been deposited by the Company on account of disputes :

Name of statue	Nature of Dues	Amount	Period to which	Forum where the
		(in Lakhs)	amount	dispute is
			relates	pending
The Income Tax	Income Tax	138.26	AY 2011-12	CIT- Appeal
Act,1961				Ahmedabad
The Income Tax	Income Tax	102.49	AY 2012-13	CIT- Appeal
Act, 1961				Ahmedabad

VIII. The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable.

- IX. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us,
  - a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - c) Term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained;
  - d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
  - f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.

Х.

- a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments). Therefore reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit. Therefore reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- XI.
  - a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
  - b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - c) We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year while determining the nature, timing and extent of audit procedures.
- XII. The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- XIII. In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.
- XIV.
  - (a) The Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) The internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of the audit report, for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- XV. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

XVI.

- (a) The Company is registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 vide Certificate of Registration No. B.05.02244 dated 16.05.1998.
- (b) In our opinion, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without any valid Certificate of Registration from Reserve Bank of India. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (c) The Company is not a Core investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Therefore, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) The Company does not have any CIC as part of its group. Therefore, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.

- XVII. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current and immediately preceding financial year.
- XVIII. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- XIX. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
- XX. The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company during the year. Therefore, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

For, H S K & CO LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 117014W/W100685

CA Sudhir S. Shah Partner M. No. 115947 UDIN: 22115947AJYAIJ7786

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 30th May, 2022

Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Econo Trade (India) Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial control with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to the Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to the financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purpose in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company. (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles , and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company, and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to the Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies of procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control with reference to the financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as on March 31, 2022, based on the internal control with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reports issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For, H S K & CO LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 117014W/W100685

CA Sudhir S. Shah Partner M. No. 115947 UDIN: 22115947AJYAJJ786

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 30th May, 2022

### Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

(All amounts in  $\mathbb{Z}$ , unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	3	2.11	23.38
(b) Loans	4	2,961.32	2,042.04
(c) Investments	5	1,107.14	1,242.02
(d) Other financial assets	6	681.86	738.76
	-	4,752.43	4,046.20
Non-financial Assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	19(a)	40.14	41.68
		40.14	41.68
Total Assets	-	4,792.57	4,087.88
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities			
(a) Borrowings (other than debt securities)	7	847.28	225.70
(b) Other financial liabilities	8	15.74	9.17
	_	863.02	234.87
Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a) Current tax liabiities (net)	19(a)	-	-
(b) Other non-financial liabilities	9	11.17	9.52
		11.17	9.52
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	10	1,866.96	1,866.96
(b) Other equity	11	2,051.42	1,976.53
	-	3,918.38	3,843.49
Total Liabilities and Equity	-	4,792.57	4,087.88

### Notes 1 - 31 form an integral part of these financial statements

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

### For H S K & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No. : 117014W/W100685

### Sudhir S, Shah

Partner Membership No. 115947 Place: Ahmedabad Date: 30 May 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Econo Trade India Limited** 

SHEKH HASINA KASAMBHAI Director (DIN: 07733184) Place: Kolkata

NAVINCHA NDRA AMRATLAL KOTHARI Chief Financial Officer Place: Kolkata

Date: 30 May 2022

### IRFAN AHMEDBHAI BELIM

Director (DIN: 08010290) Place: Kolkata

### SIDDHARTH SHARMA

### Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended	Year ended
	Note	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Revenue from operations			
(a) Interest income	12	233.50	184.75
(b) Dividend income	13	0.40	-
(c) Net gain on fair value changes	14	78.73	29.41
		312.63	214.16
Other income		9.46	-
Total Income	_	322.09	214.16
Expenses			
(a) Finance costs	16	57.56	12.50
(b) Employee benefits expenses	17	13.10	9.27
(c) Other expenses	18	147.70	93.12
Total Expenses	_	218.36	114.89
Profit before tax		103.73	99.27
Tax Expense:	19		
(a) Current tax		28.00	28.00
(b) Deferred tax		-	0.18
(c) Prior year taxes		0.86 -	0.19
		28.86	27.99
Profit for the year		74.87	71.28
Other Comprehensive Income			
(a) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Fair valuation of equity and preference instruments through other comprehensive income - Remeasurement benefit of defined benefit plans		-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Total other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	=	74.87	71.28
Earnings per equity share	20		
Basic (₹)		0.40	0.30
Diluted $(\mathbf{\vec{x}})$		0.40	0.30

#### Notes 1 - 31 form an integral part of these financial statements

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

#### For H S K & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No. : 117014W/W100685

#### Sudhir S, Shah

Partner Membership No. 115947 Place: Ahmedabad Date: 30 May 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Econo Trade India Limited** 

SHEKH HASINA KASAMBHAI Director (DIN: 07733184) Place: Kolkata

NAVINCHA NDRA AMRATLAL KOTHARI Chief Financial Officer Place: Kolkata

Date: 30 May 2022

#### IRFAN AHMEDBHAI BELIM

Director (DIN:08010290) Place: Didwana

#### SIDDHARTH SHARMA

#### Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
A. Equity Share Capital		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,866.96	1,866.96
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,866.96	1,866.96

#### B. Other Equity

^ · ·		Reserves and Surplus				Total
Particulars	Amalgamation Reserve	Securities Premium	Statutory Reserves	Retained Earnings	Fair valuation of equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	
- Tax impact	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2020	1,602.19	78.00	42.16	182.89	-	1,905.24
Profits for the year	-	-	-	71.28	-	71.28
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	-	14.26	- 14.26	-	-
Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-
Items of other comprehensive income:						
- Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Net fair value gain on investment in equity and preference instruments through OCI	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Tax impact	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2021	1,602.19	78.00	56.42	239.91	-	1,976.52
Profits for the year	-	-	-	74.87	-	74.87
Transferred to statutory reserves	-	-	14.95	- 14.95	-	-
Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-
Items of other comprehensive income:						
- Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Net fair value gain on investment in equity and preference instruments through OCI	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Tax impact	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2022	1,602.19	78.00	71.40	299.83	-	2,051.42

#### Notes 1 - 31 form an integral part of these financial statements

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For H S K & CO LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No. : 117014W/W100685

Sudhir S, Shah Partner Membership No. 115947 Place: Ahmedabad Date: 30 May 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Econo Trade India Limited** 

SHEKH HASINA KASAMBHAI Director (DIN: 07733184) Place: Kolkata

NAVINCHANDRA AMRATLAL KOTHARI Chief Financial Officer Place: Kolkata IRFAN AHMEDBHAI BELIM Director (DIN: 08010290) Place: Kolkata

#### SIDDHARTH SHARMA

#### Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 March 2022

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

			Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
A.	Cash flow from operating activities	-		
	Profit before tax		103.73	99.27
	Adjustments for:			
	Net gain on fair value changes	-	78.73 -	29.41
	Operating profit before working capital changes	-	25.00	69.86
	Adjustments for changes in working capital			
	Decrease/ (increase) in loans	-	919.28 -	923.58
	Decrease/ (increase) in other financial assets		56.90 -	361.24
	(Decrease) / increase in other financial liabilities		6.57	3.33
	(Decrease) / increase in other non financial liabilities		1.65	0.41
	Cash generated from operating activities	-	829.16 -	1,211.22
	Income tax paid (net of refunds)	-	25.32 -	27.04
	Net cash generated from operating activities	(A) -	854.48 -	1,238.26
В.	Cash flow from investing activities			
	Changes in value of investments (Net)		213.61 -	542.30
	Net cash used in investing activities	(B)	213.61 -	542.30
C.	Cash flow from financing activities			
	Increase in Bank Overdraft		495.22	225.70
	Increase in Loan and Advance Taken		126.36	-
	Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	(C)	621.58	225.70
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C) -	20.29 -	1,555.86
	Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year		23.38	1,578.22
	Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year		3.09	22.36

Notes:

(i) The above Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 7, "Statement of Cash Flows".

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents comprises of:		
Cash on hand	0.06	0.32
Balances with banks		
- In current accounts	2.05	23.06
	2.11	23.38

This is the Cash flow Statement referred to in or report of even date.

For H S K & CO LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No. : 117014W/W100685

Sudhir S, Shah Partner Membership No. 115947 Place: Ahmedabad Date: 30 May 2022

# For and on behalf of the board of directors **Econo Trade India Limited**

SHEKH HASINA KASAMBHAI

#### Director (DIN: 07733184) Place: Kolkata

NAVINCHAN DRA AMRATLAL Chief Financial Officer Place: Kolkata Date: 30 May 2022

#### IRFAN AHMEDBHAI BELIM

Director (DIN: 08010290)

#### SIDDHARTH SHARMA

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 1 (a) Corporate Information

Econo Trade India Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is a non-deposit taking non-systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Company ("NBFC") registered with Reserve Bank of India ("the RBI") and is engaged in the business of providing loans and making investments in shares and securities.

#### (b) Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements has been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ('the Act'), read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time ('Ind AS') along with other relevant provisions of the Act; the Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Company – Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 ('the NBFC Master Directions') issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) (as amended) and the regulatory guidance on implementation of Ind AS as notified by the RBI vide notification dated 13 March 2020.

The Guidance Note on Division III - Schedule III to the Act issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") has been followed insofar as they are not inconsistent with any of these Directions

These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention, on the accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as stated in the accounting policies set out below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all the periods presented in these financial statements.

#### (c) Presentation of financial statements

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in note 26.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business.
- The event of default.
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and/or its counterparties.

#### (d) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

#### Provisions and other contingent liabilities

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings in the ordinary course of the Company's business. When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed. Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Significant accounting policies

#### 2.01 Revenue recognition

#### Interest income (Effective interest rate method)

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, debt instrument measured at FVOCI and debt instruments designated at FVTPL. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges). If expectations regarding the cash flows on the financial asset are revised for reasons other than credit risk. The adjustment is booked as a positive or negative adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset in the balance sheet with an increase or reduction in interest income. The adjustment is subsequently amortised through interest income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets net of upfront processing fees. When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the net amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis. For purchased or originated credit-impaired (POCI) financial assets, the Company calculates interest income by calculates interest income by calculating the credit-adjusted EIR and applying that rate to the amortised cost of the asset. The credit-adjusted EIR is the interest rate that, at original recognition, discounts the estimated future cash flows (including credit losses) to the amortised cost of the POCI assets. Interest income on all trading assets and financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recognised using the contractual interest rate in net gain on fair value changes.

#### **Dividend** income

Dividend income (including from FVOCI investments) is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### Trading income

Trading income includes all gains and losses from changes in fair value and the related interest income or expense and dividends, for financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading.

#### 2.02 Financial instruments

#### Point of recognition

Financial assets and liabilities, with the exception of loans, debt securities, deposits and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Company recognises debt securities, deposits and borrowings when funds reach the Company.

#### Initial recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments, as per the principles of the Ind AS. Financial instruments are initially measured at their fair value, except in the case of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from, this amount. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price. When the fair value of financial instruments at initial recognition differs from the transaction price, the Company accounts mentioned below:

When the transaction price of the instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

#### Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

All financial liabilities of the Company are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Under the effective interest method, the future cash payments are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using the effective interest rate. The cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and the maturity amount is added to the initial recognition value (net of principal repayments, if any) of the financial liability over the relevant period of the financial liability to arrive at the amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under effective interest method is recognized as interest expense over the relevant period of the financial liability. The same is included under finance cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.02 Financial instruments (cont'd)

#### Subsequent measurement of financial assets

For subsequent measurement, the Company classifies a financial asset in accordance with the below criteria:

- i. The Company's business model for managing the financial asset; and
- ii. The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Based on the above criteria, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories:

- (a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- (b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- (c) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

#### (a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

A Financial asset is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

(i) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and

(ii) The contractual terms of the Financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash Flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets of the Company. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Under the effective interest method, the future cash receipts are exactly discounted to the initial recognition value using the effective interest rate. The cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of the difference between the initial recognition amount and the maturity amount is added to the initial recognition value (net of principal repayments, if any) of the financial asset over the relevant period of the financial asset to arrive at the amortized cost at each reporting date. The corresponding effect of the amortization under effective interest method is recognized as interest income over the relevant period of the financial asset. The same is included under other income in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The amortized cost of a financial asset is also adjusted for loss allowance, if any.

#### (b) Financial assets measured at FVTOCI:

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both of the following conditions are met:

(i) The Company's business model objective for managing the financial asset is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and

(ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

This category applies to certain investments in debt and equity instruments. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Statement of profit and loss under 'Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)'. However, the Company recognizes interest income and impairment losses and its reversals in the Statement of Profit and Loss. On de-recognition of such financial assets, cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to the Statement of Profit and Loss, except for instruments which the Company has irrevocably elected to be classified as equity through OCI at initial recognition, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and they are not held for trading. The Company has made such election on an instrument by instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these equity instruments are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as dividend income when the right of the payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the instrument, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments at FVOCI are not subject to an impairment assessment.

#### (c) Financial assets measured at FVTPL:

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortized cost or at FVTOCI as explained above. This is a residual category applied to all other investments of the Company excluding investments in subsidiary and associate companies. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value changes are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Financial assets or financial liabilities held for trading:

The Company classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held-for-trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in net gain on fair value changes.

Interest and dividend income or expense is recorded in net gain on fair value changes according to the terms of the contract, or when the right to payment has been established. Included in this classification are debt securities, equities, and customer loans that have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.02 Financial instruments (cont'd)

### De-recognition:

### (a) Financial asset:

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when any of the following occurs:

#### i. The contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset expires;

ii. The Company transfers its contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset and has substantially transferred all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets has been derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting.

iii. The Company retains the contractual rights to receive cash flows but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows without material delay to one or more recipients under a 'pass-through' arrangement (thereby substantially transferring all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset);

iv. The Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all risk and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the financial asset.

In cases where Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the Financial asset, but retains control of the financial asset, the Company continues to recognize such financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the financial asset. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The financial asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, (except as mentioned in ii above for financial assets measured at FVTOCI), the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (b) Financial liability:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets:

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss ('ECL') model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the weighted-average of difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate, with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.

- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

#### Trade receivables

In respect of trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach of Ind AS 109, which requires measurement of loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

#### Other financial assets:

In respect of its other financial assets, the Company assesses if the credit risk on those financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, else at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

When making this assessment, the Company uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset. To make that assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the balance sheet date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the balance sheet date.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.03 Fair Value

The Company measures its financial instruments at fair value in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned above. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy that categorizes into three levels, described as follows, the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level I inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

- Level 1 (unadjusted) - Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.

- Level 2 - Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life. Such inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical instruments in inactive markets and observable inputs other than quoted prices such as interest rates and yield curves, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. In addition, adjustments may be required for the condition or location of the asset or the extent to which it relates to items that are comparable to the valued instrument. However, if such adjustments are based on unobservable inputs which are significant to the entire measurement, the Company will classify the instruments as Level 3.

• Level 3 - Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period and discloses the same.

#### 2.04 Income Taxes

Tax expense is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax is measured using tax rates that have been enacted by the end of reporting period for the amounts expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under Income tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized. Also, for temporary differences if any that may arise from initial recognition of goodwill, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary difference can be utilized. In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction (other than business combination) that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognized. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part or all of such deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

The Company has not recognised a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint arrangements, except to the extent that both of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the parent, investor, joint venture or joint operator is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference; and

- it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in  $\mathbf{\overline{t}}$ , unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.04 Income taxes (cont'd)

#### Presentation of current and deferred tax:

Current and deferred tax are recognized as income or an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income, in which case, the current and deferred tax income/expense are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income. The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In case of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, the same are offset if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off corresponding current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the Company.

#### 2.05 Provisions and contingencies

The Company recognizes provisions when a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event exists and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle such obligation and the amount of such obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or the amount of such obligation in respect of which likelihood of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

#### 2.06 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash Flow Statement comprise cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks where the original maturity is three months or less and other short term highly liquid investments.

#### 2.07 Employee Benefits

#### Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.08 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs, if any, directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized, if any. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

#### 2.09 Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

#### 2.10 Property, plant & equipment

#### Measurement at recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment that qualifies as an asset is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are carried at its cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises of its purchase price including import duties and other non-refundable purchase taxes or levies, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and the initial estimate of decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities, if any. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Cost includes cost of replacing a part of a plant and equipment if the recognition criteria are met. Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalized at cost and depreciated over their useful life. Costs in nature of repairs and maintenance are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

#### 2.10 Property, plant & equipment (cont'd)

#### Capital work-in-progress and capital advances:

Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as on the balance sheet date, is shown as capital work-in-progress. Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each balance sheet date are disclosed as other non-financial assets.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation on each part of an item of property, plant and equipment is provided using the written down value method based on the useful life of the asset as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis from the date of installation till date the assets are sold or disposed. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the underlying lease term on a straight line basis. Individual assets costing less than INR 5,000 are depreciated in full in the year of acquisition.

#### **De-recognition**

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from the de-recognizion of an item of property, plant and equipment is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the item is derecognized.

#### 2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 2.12 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted-average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

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### Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
3 Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	0.06	0.32
Balances with banks in current account	2.05	23.06
	2.11	23.38

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## Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

4 Loans

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Un-Secured		
Loans agaisnt securities	1,017.94	504.64
Loan to others	1,943.38	1,537.40
Total - Gross	2,961.32	2,042.04
1	-	_
Total	2,961.32	2,042.04

### Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ , unless otherwise stated)

### 5 Investments

Investments	I	As at 31 March 2022		I	As at 31 March 2021		
	Amortised Cost	Through profit or loss	Total	Amortised Cost	Through profit or loss	Total	
Equity Instruments	-	0.68	0.68	-	62.97	62.97	
Fixed Deposit	1,106.46	-	1,106.46	1,179.05	-	1,179.05	
Total Gross (A)	1,106.46	0.68	1,107.14	1,179.05	62.97	1,242.02	
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(i) Investments in India	1,106.46	0.68	1,107.14	1,179.05	62.97	1,242.02	
Total (B)	1,106.46	0.68	1,107.14	1,179.05	62.97	1,242.02	
Less: Allowance for impairment loss (C)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Net (D)=(A)-(C)	1,106.46	0.68	1,107.14	1,179.05	62.97	1,242.02	

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in  $\mathbb{F}$ , unless otherwise stated)

#### 5 Investments (cont'd)

	Face	As at 31 I	March 2022	As at 31 Ma	larch 2021	
	value	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
(a) Investment in equity instruments Quoted						
(Non-trade, measured at FVTPL)						
Real Touch Finance Limited	10	2,462	0.66	2,462	0.12	
Kwality Credit & Leasing Limited	10	-	-	36,000	3.29	
GHCL Limited	10	-	-	2,000	4.61	
Mayukh Dealtrade Ltd	10	-	-	1,50,000	36.38	
Radhagobind Commercial Ltd	10	50	0.01	50	0.01	
Radhashree Finance Ltd	10	100	0.01	100	0.01	
Sacheta Metals Limited	10	-	-	1,16,602	17.37	
Stampade Capital DVR Limited	10	-	-	70,000	1.20	
Total		-	0.68	-	62.97	
(b) Investment in Fixed Depsot						
Fixed Deposit with Bank			1,106.46		1,179.04	
Total			1,106.46	-	1,179.04	
Total Investment		- -	1,107.14	-	1,242.01	
				As at	As a	
				31 March 2022	31 March 202	
6 Other financial assets						
Advanec against Property				681.34	268.30	
Receivable from towards sale of shares				-	469.81	
Dividend Receivable				0.26	-	
Security Depsoit				0.15	0.65	
Othe receivable				0.11	-	
			•	681.86	738.76	

### Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
7 Borrowings (other than debt securities)		
Bank Overdraft	720.92	225.70
Advances	-	-
Loan From outisders	126.36	-
	847.28	225.70
8 Other financial liabilities		
Dues to employees	12.94	6.70
Expenses payables	0.82	0.83
Interest Expenses Payable	-	-
Rent Payable	0.90	0.53
Audit fees payable	1.08	1.11
	15.74	9.17
9 Other non-financial liabilities		
Statutory dues	2.06	0.41
Provision on Standard Assets	9.11	9.11
	11.17	9.52

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (All amounts in  $\mathfrak{F}$ , unless otherwise stated)

As at As at 31 March 2022 31 March 2021 Number Amount Number Amount Share capital 10 Note 1 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(a, b, c & d) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 Authorized share capital Equity shares of ₹ 10 each 1,86,70,000 1,867.00 1,86,70,000 1,867.00 Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up Equity shares of ₹ 10 each 1,86,69,575 1,866.96 1,86,69,575 1,866.96 1,866.96 1,866.96 (a) Reconciliation of equity share capital Equity Shares Balance at the beginning of the year 1,86,69,575 1,866.96 1,86,69,575 1,866.96 Add: Shares issued during the year Balance at the end of the year 1,86,69,575 1,866.96 1,86,69,575 1,866.96

#### Note 2 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(e) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

#### Terms and rights attached to equity shares

#### Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of  $\mathfrak{T}$  10 per share and confer similar right as to dividend and voting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

#### Note 4 : Disclosure pursuant to Note no. S(g) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (if more than 5%)

		As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March 2021	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	
Equity shares of ₹10 each					
Hasina Kasambhai Shekh	14,16,500	7.59%	14,16,500	7.59%	
Kasambhai Umarbhai Shekh	14,16,500	7.59%	14,16,500	7.59%	
Robert Resources Limited	12,06,063	6.46%	-	0.00%	
	40,39,063	21.64%	28,33,000	15.17%	

Note 5 : Disclosures pursuant to Note no. S(h), (i), (j), (k) and (l) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the company and hence not given.

#### Note 6 : Disclosures pursuant to Note no. S(m) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 An NBFC shall disclose information that enables users of its financial statements to evaluate the NBFC's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital.

#### Note 7 : Disclosures pursuant to Note no. S(n) of Divison III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

Sr. No.	Promoter name	No. of Shares		% Change during the year
Ι	Promoter			
1	Hasina Kasambhai Shekh	14,16,500	7.59%	0.00%
2	Kasambhai Umarbhai Shekh	14,16,500	7.59%	0.00%
3	Robert Resources Limited	12,06,063	6.46%	2.33%

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
11 Other equity		
Amalgamation Reserve	1,602.19	1,602.19
Securities premium	78.00	78.00
Statutory reserves	71.40	56.42
Retained earnings	299.83	239.92
Other comprehensive income	-	-
	2,051.42	1,976.53

#### (a) Description of nature and purpose of each reserve:

#### **Retained earnings**

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfer to general reserves, dividends and other distributions made to the shareholders.

#### Statutory reserve

The Company is required to create a reserve in accordance with the provisions of Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly 20% of the profits after tax for the year is transferred to this reserve at the end of every reporting period.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (All amounts in  $\mathfrak{X}$ , unless otherwise stated)

12       Interest income         -on loan       100.61         -on share funding       74.56         -on fixed deposit       58.33         233.50       233.50         13       Dividend Income         Dividend income on investments       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.40       0.40         0.41       Net gain / (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss         (i) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:       -         - Investiments       -         - Realised       78.49         - Unrealised       0.24         0.24       0.24         0.24       0.24		Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
-on share funding     74.56       -on fixed deposit     58.33       233.50     233.50       13 Dividend Income     0.40       Dividend income on investments     0.40       14 Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes     0.40       (a) Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes     78.73       (i) on trading portfolio (held for sale):     -       - Investments     78.73       (ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:     -       - mutual funds     -       Fair value changes:     -       - Realised     78.49       - Unrealised     0.24	12 Interest income		
-on fixed deposit 58.33 233.50 13 Dividend Income Dividend income on investments 0.40 0.40 14 Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes (a) Net gain / (loss) on fain ratue changes (a) Net gain / (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (i) on trading portfolio (held for sale): - Investments 78.73 (ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss: - mutual funds -  Fair value changes: - Realised 78.49 - Unrealised 0.24 78.73	-on loan	100.61	85.76
13 Dividend Income       233.50         Dividend income on investments       0.40         0.40       0.40         14 Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes       0.40         (a) Net gain / (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss       78.73         (i) on trading portfolio (held for sale):       78.73         - Investments       78.73         (ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:       -         - mutual funds       -         Fair value changes:       -         - Realised       78.49         - Unrealised       0.24	-on share funding	74.56	27.87
13 Dividend Income       0.40         Dividend income on investments       0.40         0.40       0.40         14 Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes       0.40         (a) Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss       78.73         (i) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:       -         - Investments       78.73         (ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:       -         - mutual funds       -         Fair value changes:       -         - Realised       78.49         - Unrealised       0.24	-on fixed deposit	58.33	71.12
Dividend income on investments       0.40         0.40       0.40         11       Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes         (a) Net gain / (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss <ul> <li>(i) on trading portfolio (held for sale):</li> <li>- Investments</li> <li>(ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:</li> <li>- mutual funds</li> <li>-</li> </ul> -           Fair value changes:         -           - Realised         78.73           - Unrealised         0.24           78.73		233.50	184.75
14       Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes         (a)       Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss <ul> <li>(i) on trading portfolio (held for sale):</li> <li>- Investments</li> <li>78.73</li> </ul> (ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:         -           - mutual funds         -           Fair value changes:         -           - Realised         78.49           - Unrealised         0.24           78.73	13 Dividend Income		
14 Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes         (a) Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss         (i) on trading portfolio (held for sale):         - Investments       78.73         (ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:         - mutual funds       -         Fair value changes:       -         - Realised       78.49         - Unrealised       0.24	Dividend income on investments	0.40	-
(a) Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss         (i) on trading portfolio (held for sale):         - Investments       78.73         (ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:         - mutual funds       -         Fair value changes:       -         - Realised       78.49         - Unrealised       0.24         78.73       -		0.40	-
(i) on trading portfolio (held for sale):       -         - Investments       78.73         (ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:       -         - mutual funds       -         Fair value changes:       -         - Realised       78.49         - Unrealised       0.24         78.73       -	14 Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes		
(ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:       -         - mutual funds       -         Fair value changes:       -         - Realised       78.49         - Unrealised       0.24         78.73       -			
- mutual funds	- Investments	78.73	25.92
Fair value changes:         78.73           - Realised         78.49           - Unrealised         0.24           78.73         78.73	(ii) on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss:		
Fair value changes:- Realised- Unrealised0.2478.73	- mutual funds	-	3.49
- Realised 78.49 - Unrealised 0.24 78.73		78.73	29.41
- Unrealised 0.24 78.73	5		
78.73			3.49
	- Unrealised	0.24	25.92
15 Other income		78.73	29.41
	15 Other income		
NBFC Share Funding A/c Opening Charges 9.46	NBFC Share Funding A/c Opening Charges	9.46	-
9.46		9.46	-

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## Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended 31 March 202	Year ended 31 March 2021
16	Finance costs		
	- Interest on overdraft facility	41.87	11.32
	- Interest on Loans	15.67	-
	- Interest on Statutory Payments	0.02	1.18
		57.56	12.50
17	Employee benefits expenses		
	Salaries and wages	13.10	9.12
	Staff welfare expenses	-	0.15
		13.10	9.27

### Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

		Year ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021
18	Other expenses		
	Advertisement	0.47	0.45
	Bad Debt Written off	127.19	76.21
	Bank Charges	6.67	0.11
	Demat Charges	0.01	0.05
	Electric Expenses	0.30	0.13
	Filling Fees	0.05	0.04
	Legal and professional	1.41	0.60
	Listing & Custodial fees	5.74	5.76
	Maintenance Office Expenses	0.90	0.38
	Penalty	0.06	2.18
	Printing and stationery	0.15	0.20
	Postage & Telegram	-	0.04
	Rent	2.48	2.10
	Rates & Taxes	0.14	-
	Registrar Fees	0.29	0.07
	Share Transaction Exp	0.29	-
	Travelling and conveyance	0.29	
		0.04	0.47
	Telephone & Internet Expenses	0.04	0.12 0.29
	Website Expneses		
	General Expenses	0.03	1.56
	Payment to auditors:	1.20	2.24
	- Statutory audit	1.20	2.36
		147.70	93.12
19	Tax expense		
	Current tax	30.00	28.00
	Deferred tax	-	0.18
	Prior year taxes	0.86 -	0.19
		30.86	27.99
(a)	Current tax assets:		
(")	Opening balance	41.68	42.45
	Add : During the year	- 1.54 -	0.77
		40.14	41.68
		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
20	Earnings per share (EPS)		
	Net profit attributable to equity shareholders		
	Net profit attributable to equity shareholders	74.87	71.28
	Nominal value of equity share $(\bar{\mathbf{x}})$	10.00	10.00
	Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	1,86,69,575	1,86,69,575
	Weighted average number of potential equity shares on account of Preference Shares	-	-
	Weighted average number of shares outstanding for diluted EPS	1,86,69,575	1,86,69,575
	Basic earnings per share (₹)	0.40	0.30
	Diluted earnings per share $(\mathbf{R})$	0.00	0.00

20a Contingent liabilities

Income Tax

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136.73

166.83

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 21 Related party disclosures

Information on related party transactions as required by Ind AS - 24 - Related Party Disclosures for the year ended 31st March 2022

#### Relationship . . (i) v

	Kelationship	
(i)	Key managerial personnel ('KMP') and Related parties	
	Key person and Related Parties	Designation/Relation
	Hasina Kasambhai Shekh	Managing Director
	Naveen Kothari	Chief Financial Officer
	Siddharth Sharma	Company Secretary
		KMP of this LLP is exercising significant influence over
	Sai Metaltech LLP	Company KMP of this Company is exercising significant influence over
	Econo Broking Pvt Ltd	Company

#### Transactions with related parties

Name of the party/Nature of transaction	Year ended 31st March 2022	Year ended 31st March 2021
Remuneration		
Hasina Kasambhai Shekh	3.60	3.60
Naveen Kothari	3.00	-
Siddharth Sharma	1.08	0.84
Interest Income		
Sai Metaltech LLp	31.00	25.45
Econo Broking Pvt Ltd	44.11	37.70
Loans given		
Sai Metaltech LLp	2,047.00	3,396.81
Econo Broking Pvt Ltd	29,326.08	37,455.64
Loans repaid		
Sai Metaltech LLp	2,013.50	3,064.31
Econo Broking Pvt Ltd	29,571.21	36,974.78

Name of the party/Nature of transaction	31st Mar	As at ch 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Payable at year end			
Hasina Kasambhai Shekh*	-	6.57	- 3.33
Naveen Kothari*	-	3.00	-
Siddharth Sharma*	-	0.27	- 0.21
Sai Metaltech LLP		366.00	332.50
Econo Broking Pvt Ltd		293.00	538.13

\*Figures in negative shows credit balance

#### 22 Fair value measurement

#### (a) Category wise classification of financial instruments

Particulars	Note	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Financial assets:			
Carried at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	2.11	23.38
Loans	4	2,961.32	2,042.04
Investments in Fixed Deposit	5	1,106.46	1,179.05
Other financial assets	6	681.86	738.76
		4,751.75	3,983.23
Carried at FVTPL			
Investments in Equity Instruments	5	0.68	62.97
		0.68	62.97
		4,752.43	4,046.20
Financial liabilities			
Measured at amortised cost			
Borrowings	7	847.28	225.70
Other financial liabilities	8	15.74	9.17
		863.02	234.87

#### (b) Fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation sale. Methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair values are consistent in all the years. Fair value of financial instruments referred to in note (a) above has been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and lowest priority to unobservable entity specific inputs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Level 1 (Quoted prices in active market)		
Financial assets measured at FVTPL		
Investments in quoted equity instruments	0.68	62.97
	0.68	62.97

#### (c) Fair value of assets and liabilities measured at cost/amortised cost

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amount would be significantly different from the values that would be eventually received or settled. Management assessed that fair values of cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits, other financial assets, loans, borrowings and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts of these instruments.

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 23 Financial risk management

The Company is a Non - Banking Financial Company - Non Deposit taking - Non - Systemically Important (NBFC - ND - NSI) registered with the Reserve Bank of India. On account of it's business activities it is exposed to various financial risks associated with financials products such as credit or default risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and inflationary risk. However, the Company has a robust financial risk management system in place to identify, evaluate, manage and mitigate various risks associated with its financial products to ensure that desired financial objectives are met. The Company's senior management is responsible for establishing and monitoring the risk management framework within its overall risk management objectives and strategies, as approved by the Board of Directors. Such risk management strategies and objectives are established to identify and analyse potential risks faced by the Company, set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and assess risk management performance. Any change in Company's risk management objectives and policies needs prior approval of it's Board of Directors.

#### (a) Credit risk

This risk is common to all investors who invest in bonds and debt instruments and it refers to a situation where a particular bond issuer is unable to make the expected principal payments, interest rate payments, or both. Similarly, a lender bears the risk that the borrower may default in the payment of contractual interest or principal on its debt obligations, or both. The entity continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

#### (b) Market risk:

Market risk is a form of systematic risk associated with the day-to-day fluctuation in the market prices of shares and securities and such market risk affects all securities and investors in the same manner. These daily price fluctuations follows its own broad trends and cycles and are more news and transaction driven rather than fundamentals and many a times, it may affect the returns from an investment. Market risks majorly comprises of two types - interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risks include borrowings and investments.

a. Borrowings	(Amount	t in Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Borrowings at variable interest rate	847.28	225.70
Borrowings at fixed interest rate	-	-
Total borrowings	847.28	225.70
Percentage of borrowings at variable interest rate	100.00%	100.00%

#### (iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded price. It arises from financial assets such as investments in equity instruments, bonds, mutual funds etc. The Company is exposed to price risk arising mainly from investments carried at fair value through FVTPL or FVOCI which are valued using quoted prices in active markets (level 1 investments). A sensitivity analysis demonstrating the impact of change in market prices of these instruments from the prices existing as at the reporting date is given below:

Particulars	Carrying value as at		
ranculais	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Investments carried at FVTPL valued using quoted prices in active market	0.68	62.97	
Particulars	comprehensiv	alysis on total e income upon market prices	
	Increase by 10%	Decrease by 10%	
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2022	0.07	- 0.07	
Impact on total comprehensive income for year ended 31 March 2021	6.30	- 6.30	

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 23 Financial risk management (cont'd)

#### (c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity refers to the readiness of the Company to sell and realise its financial assets. Liquidity risk is one of the most critical risk factors for Companies which is into the business of investments in shares and securities. It is the risk of not being able to realise the true price of a financial asset, or is not being able to sell the financial asset at all because of non-availability of buyers. Unwillingness to lend or restricted lending by Banks and Financial Institutions may also lead to liquidity concerns for the entities.

The Company maintains a well-diversified portfolio of investments in shares and securities which are saleable at any given point of time. A dedicated team of market experts are monitoring the markets on a continuous basis, which advises the management for timely purchase or sale of securities. The Company is currently having a mix of both short-term and long-term investments. The management ensures to manage it's cash flows and asset liability patterns to ensure that the financial obligations are satisfied in timely manner.

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts reported are on gross and undiscounted basis.

Particulars	Less than	Between	Over	Total
	1 year	1 to 5 years	5 years	
As at 31 March 2022				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	847.28	-	-	847.28
Other financial liabilities	15.74	-	-	15.74
	863.02	-	-	863.02
As at 31 March 2021				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	225.70	-	-	225.70
Other financial liabilities	9.17	-	-	9.17
	234.87	-	-	234.87

#### (d) Inflationary risk:

Inflationary or purchasing power risk refers to the variation in investor returns caused by inflation. It is the risk that results in increase of the prices of goods and services which results in decrease of purchasing power of money, and likely negatively impact the value of investments. The two important sources of inflation are rising costs of production and excess demand for goods and services in relation to their supply. Inflation and interest rate risks are closely related as interest rates generally go up with inflation.

The Company closely monitors the inflation data and analyses the reasons for wide fluctuations thereof and its effect on various sectors and businesses. The main objective is to avoid inflationary risk and accordingly invest in securities and debt instruments that provides higher returns as compared to the inflation in long-term.

#### 24 Capital management

For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity share capital, other equity reserves and borrowed capital less cash and cash equivalents. The primary objective of capital management is to maintain an efficient capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, support corporate expansion strategies and to maximize shareholder's value.

The entity manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the entity may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The entity monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The entity's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The entity includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

Following table summarizes the capital structure of the Company.	(Amou	(Amount in Rs. In Lakhs)		
Particulars	As at	As at		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021		
Borrowings	847.28	225.70		
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	2.11	23.38		
Adjusted net debt	845.17	202.32		
Total equity (*)	3,918.38	3,843.49		
Net debt to equity ratio	22%	5%		

(\*) Equity includes capital and all reserves of the Company that are managed as capital.

#### Shree Krishna Agency Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (All amounts in ₹ crores, unless otherwise stated)

#### 25 Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI guidelines and notifications:

		As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(i)	Investments		
()	A. Value of Investments		
	Gross Value of Investments:		
	a) In India	11.07	12.42
	b) Outside India	-	-
	Provisions for Depreciation:		
	a) In India	-	-
	b) Outside India	-	-
	Net Value of Investments		
	a) In India	11.07	12.42
	b) Outside India	-	-
	B. Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
	Opening Balance	-	-
	Add: Provisions made during the year	-	-
	Less: Write-off/Write-back of excess provisions during the year	-	-
	Closing Balance		-
(ii)	Derivatives		
( )	The Company does not have any derivatives exposure in the current and previous year.		
(iii)	Disclosures relating to Securitisation		
. ,	The Company does not have any securitisation transactions in the current and previous year.		
(iv)	Asset Liability Management		
	Disclosures relating to maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities are given in note 26.		
(v)	Exposures		
	A) Exposure to Real Estate Sector		
	Category		
	a) Direct Exposure		
	i) Residential Mortgages-	-	-
	Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented		
	ii) Commercial Real Estate	-	-
	Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multi-purpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non- fund based limits		
	iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitized exposures -		

#### iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitized exposures -

a) Residential	-	-
b) Commercial Real Estate	-	-
Total exposure to Real estate sector		-

#### Shree Krishna Agency Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in  $\mathfrak{F}$  crores, unless otherwise stated)

#### 25 Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI guidelines and notifications: (cont'd)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2021
B) Exposure to Capital Market		
i) direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt;	0.68	62.97
ii) advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;	-	-
iii) advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security;	-	-
iv) advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover	-	-
v) secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers;	-	-
vi) loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising	-	-
vii) bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	-	-
viii) all exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)		-
Total Exposure to Capital Market	2.68	62.97

#### C) Details of financing of parent company products

The Company does not have a parent company and accordingly no disclosures required.

#### D) Details of Single Borrower Limit (SBL)/Group Borrower Limit (GBL) exceeded by the NBFC

There are no instances of exceeding the single and group borrowing limit by the Company during the current and previous year.

#### E) Unsecured Advances

The Company does not have any unsecured advances for which intangible securities such as charge over rights, license, authority, etc. has been taken.

#### (vi) Miscellaneous

#### A) Registration obtained from other financial sector regulators

The Company does not have any registrations obtained from other financial sector regulators.

#### B) Disclosure of Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators

There have been no penalties imposed on the Company by RBI or other financial sector regulators during the current and previous year.

#### C) Related Party Transactions

Details of all material related party transactions are disclosed in note 21.

#### D) Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year

#### The Company has not obtained credit ratings from any agencies during the year.

#### E) Management

Details relating to management discussion and analysis forms part of the annual report.

		Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(vii)	Additional Disclosures		
	A) Provisions and Contingencies		
	Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head Expenditure in Statement of Profit		
	and Loss		
	Provisions for depreciation on Investment	-	-
	Provision towards NPA	-	-
	Provision made towards Income tax	28.00	28.00
	Other Provision and Contingencies	-	-
	Provision for loan losses or impairment on financial instruments	-	-

#### B) Draw Down from Reserves

There have been no instances of draw down from reserves by the Company during the current and previous year.

#### Shree Krishna Agency Limited

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (All amounts in ₹ crores, unless otherwise stated)

#### 25 Additional disclosures pursuant to the RBI guidelines and notifications: (cont'd)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
(viii) Additional Disclosures (cont'd)		
C) Concentration of Advances, Exposures and NPAs		
a) Concentration of Advances		
Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	1,983.16	1,550.98
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances	66.97%	75.95%
b) Concentration of Exposures		
Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers/customers	-	-
Percentage of exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure	0%	0%
c) Concentration of NPAs		
Total exposure to top four NPA accounts	105.94	57.25
d) Sector-wise NPAs		

	Percentage of NPAs to Total Advances in that	Percentage of NPAs to Total
Agriculture & allied activities	-	-
MSME	-	-
Corporate borrowers	1.56%	0.31%
Services	-	-
Unsecured personal loans	2.73%	3.93%
Auto loans	-	-
Other personal loans	-	-
<ul> <li>f) Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad)</li> <li>The Company did not have any overseas assets during the current and previous year.</li> <li>g) Off-balance sheet SPVs sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms)</li> </ul>		
The Company did not sponsor any SPVs during the current and previous year.		
) Disclosure of customer complaints		
a) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	-	-
b) No. of complaints received during the year	-	-
c) No. of complaints redressed during the year	-	-
d) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	-	-

Note:

(ix)

(a) Amounts for the current year and comparative years included above are based on financial statements prepared under Ind AS.

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 26 Asset liability management

Maturity pattern of assets and liability as on 31 March 2022:

Particulars	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 days to 1 month	1 - 2 months	2 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 12 months	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.15	-	-	-
Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,961.32	-	-	2,961.32
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,107.14	-	-	1,107.14
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	847.28	-	-	-	847.28
Maturity pattern of assets a	and liability as on 31 M	arch 2021:									
Maturity pattern of assets a Particulars	and liability as on 31 M 1 to 7 days	arch 2021: 8 to 14 days	15 days to 1 month	1 - 2 months	2 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 12 months	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
71	,		-	1 - 2 months	2 - 3 months	3 - 6 months	6 - 12 months	<b>1 - 3 years</b> 0.65	3 - 5 years	Over 5 years	Total -
Particulars	1 to 7 days		-	1 - 2 months - -	2 - 3 months	3 - 6 months - -	6 - 12 months - -	•	3 - 5 years -		
Particulars Deposits	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days -	1 month	-	-	-	-	0.65	-	-	-

Notes:

1. The above information has been considered as per the Asset Liability Management (ALM) Report compiled by the management and reviewed by the ALM Committee.

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27 Disclosures pursuant to Reserve Bank of India notification no. DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated 13 March 2020 on Asset Classification as per RBI norms for the year ended 31 March 2022

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS (*)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E=C-D)	(F)	(G=D-F)
Performing Assets		, , ,				
Standard	Stage 1	2,961.32	-	2,961.32	-	-
Standard	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal (A)		2,961.32	-	2,961.32	-	-
<b>Non-Performing Assets (NPA)</b> Substandard Loss	Stage 3 Stage 3	127.19		127.19		
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income	Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3	-	-	-	-	
Subtotal (B)		127.19	-	127.19	-	-
Total (A+B)	Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3 Total	2,961.32 - 127.19 3,088.51	-	2,961.32 - 127.19 3,088.51		

Asset Classification as per RBI norms for the year ended 31 March 2021

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS (*)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E=C-D)	(F)	(G=D-F)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	2,042.04	-	2,042.04	-	-
standard	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal (A)		2,042.04	-	2,042.04	-	-
Non-Performing Assets (NPA) Substandard	Stage 3	_	_	-		
Loss	Stage 3	76.21	-	76.21	-	-
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income	0	-	-	- -	-	- -
Subtotal (B)	0	76.21	-	76.21	-	-
Total (A+B)	Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3	2,042.04 - 76.21	- -	2,042.04 - 76.21		
	Total	2,118.25	-	2,118.25	-	-

(\*) Gross carring amount as per IndAS represents gross carring amount including accrued interest and after netting off unamortised loan processing fees.

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Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹, unless otherwise stated)

#### 28 Impact of COVID-19 pandemic

COVID-19, a global pandemic has affected the world economy including India, leading to significant decline and volatility in financial markets and decline in economic activities. The national lockdown announced on 23 March 2020 affected activities of organizations across the economic ecosystem, impacting earning prospects and valuations of companies and creating huge volatility in the stock markets. As a result, the Company's business is likely to be impacted by lower lending opportunities and decline in carrying value of investments, thereby impacting profitability. The impact of COVID-19 on Company's financial statements remain uncertain and dependent on extent of spread of the pandemic, steps taken by the Government and central bank to mitigate the economic impact, steps taken by the Company and its Investee Companies and the time it takes for economic activities to resume at normal levels as a result of which, actual results may differ.

The stock exchanges, banks and financial institutions were permitted to function during the national lockdown and correspondingly the lending and investment activities of the Company remained operational. Basis the relaxations granted post the lockdown period, the Company's registered office have been made operational. The employees are permitted to work in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) and the respective state governments. The Company's capital and liquidity position remains strong and would continue to be the focus area for the Management. There have been no significant changes to the Company's internal financial control other than providing remote access to some of its key employees during the lockdown to facilitate work from home.

Based on the current assessment of the potential impact of the COVID-19 on the Company, management is of the view that the Company is well capitalised with low leverage, widely diversified in terms of its lending and investment activities and has adequate liquidity to service its obligations, sustain its operations and also look at any appropriate investment/lending opportunities.

The Company has maintained adequate provisions on loan assets based on the information available at this point of time including economic forecasts. The extent to which the current pandemic will impact the carrying value of investments and loan receivables is dependent on the future developments, which are highly uncertain at this point in time. The Company believes that it has considered all the possible impact of known events arising out of COVID 19 pandemic in the preparation of these financial statements. The impact assessment of COVID -19 is a continuing process given its nature and duration. The Company will continue to monitor for any material changes to future economic conditions.

#### 29 Ratios

Particulars	as at 31st March 2022	as at 31st March 2021
Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR) *	NA	NA
Tier I CRAR*	NA	NA
Tier II CRAR *	NA	NA
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (HQLA/ Total net cash outflows over next 30 calendar days)	3%	1%

\* Since the company is below 100Crores Networth NBFC so above three ratios are not

applicable

30 The disclosure on the following matters required under Schedule III as amended not being relevant or applicable in case of the Company:

a) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year

b) The Company is not holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

c) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority

d) The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement.

e) No satisfaction of charges are pending to be filed with ROC.

f)There are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

31 The financial statements are approved for issue by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 30 May 2022

#### For H S K & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No. : 117014W/W100685

Sudhir S, Shah Partner Membership No. 115947 Place: Ahmedabad Date: 30 May 2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

SHEKH HASINA KASMBHAI

Director (DIN: 07733184) Place: Kolkata

#### NAVINCHAND RA AMRATLAL **KOTHARI**

Chief Financial Officer Place: Kolkata

IRFAN AHMEDBHAI BELIM

Director (DIN: 08010290) Place: Kolkata

SIDDHARTH SHARMA Company Secretary

Place: Kolkata

Date: 30 May 2022